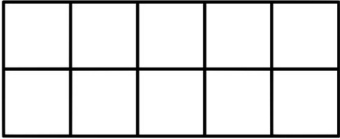

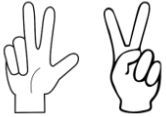
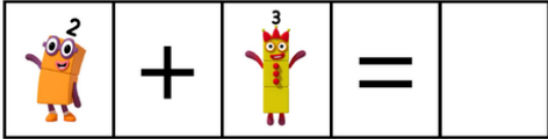


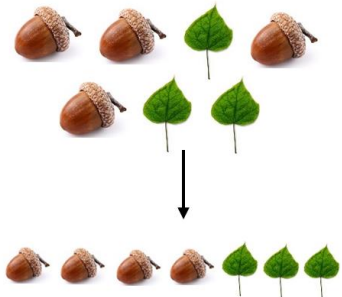
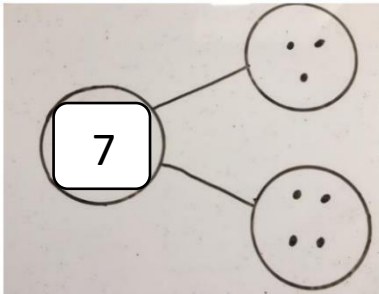
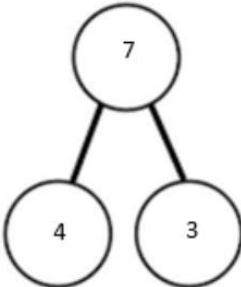


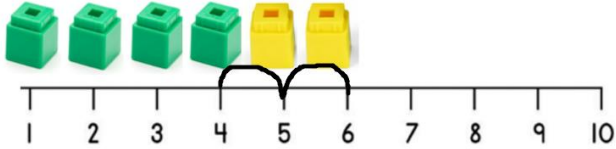
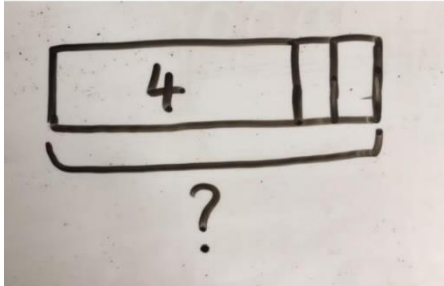
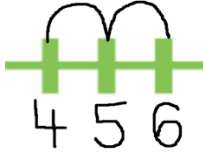
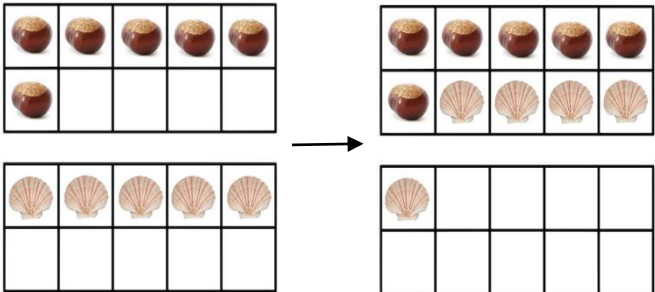
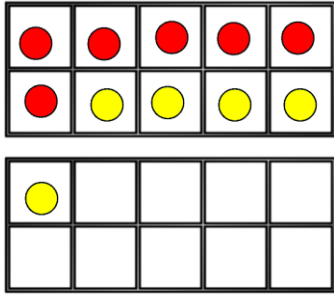
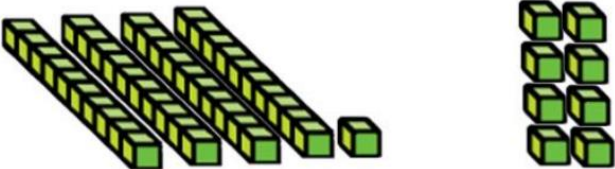
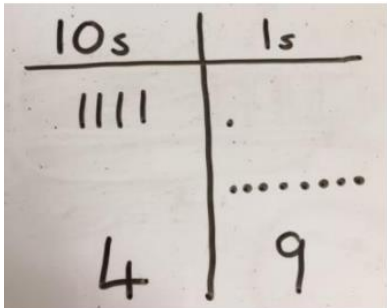
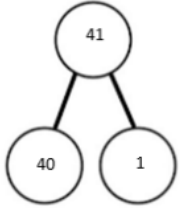
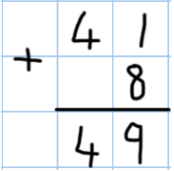


Calculation Policy: Addition

Key language: sum, total, parts and wholes, plus, add, altogether, more, 'is equal to', 'is the same as'

	Concrete	Pictorial	Abstract
EYFS	<p>Use of tens frames for self-registration each morning.</p>  <p>Loose parts in provision for children find how many altogether.</p>  <p>'I want to make 5/10' song.</p> 	<p>Children to count the pictures altogether and identify the addition/plus symbol.</p>  	<p>Use different resources to represent the sum of two amounts.</p> $3 + 2$ 
Year 1	<p>Combining two parts to make a whole (use a range of resources)</p> 	<p>Children to represent using dots or crosses. They could put each part on a part whole model too.</p> 	<p>$4 + 3 = 7$</p> <p>Four is a part, 3 is a part and the whole is 7.</p> 

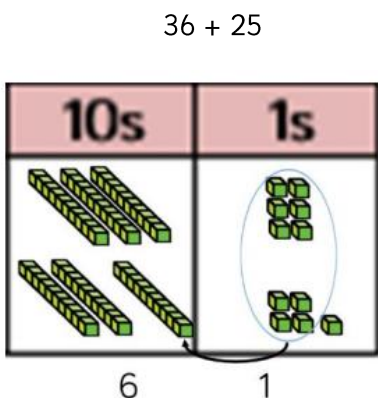


<p>Year 1</p>	<p>Counting on using number lines, by using cubes or other resources.</p> 	<p>A bar model which encourages the children to count on, rather than count all.</p> 	<p>The abstract number line: What is 2 more than 4? What is the sum of 2 and 4? What is the total of 4 and 2? $4 + 2$</p> 
<p>Year 1</p>	<p>Regrouping to make 10; using ten frames and counters/cubes/natural resources.</p> <p>$6 + 5$</p> 	<p>Children to draw the ten frame and counters/cubes.</p> 	<p>Children to develop an understanding of equality e.g.</p> <p>$6 + \underline{\quad} = 11$ $6 + 5 = 5 + \underline{\quad}$ $6 + 5 = \underline{\quad} + 4$</p>
<p>Year 2</p>	<p>TO + O using base 10. Continue to develop understanding of partitioning and place value.</p> <p>$41 + 8$</p> 	<p>Children to represent the base 10 e.g. lines for tens and dots/crosses for ones.</p> 	<p>$41 + 8$</p>  <p>$1 + 8 = 9$ $40 + 9 = 49$</p> 

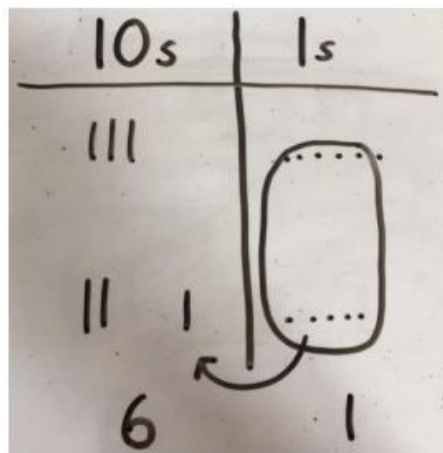


Year 3 +

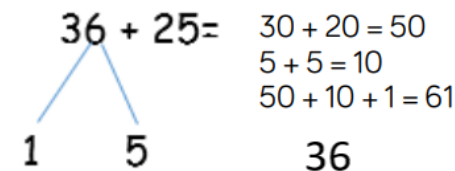
TO + TO using base 10.
Continue to develop understanding of partitioning and place value.



Children to represent the base 10 in a place value chart.



Looking for ways to make 10.

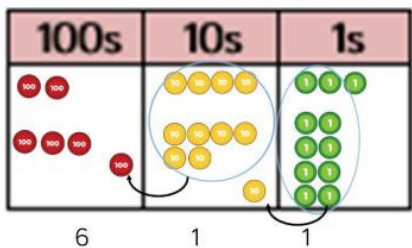


Formal method:

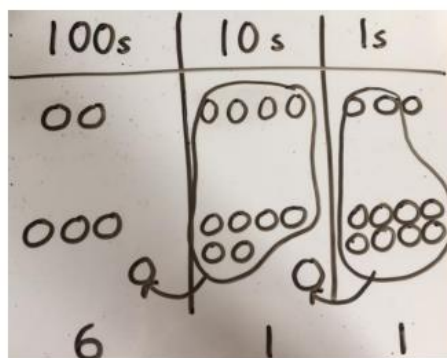
$$\begin{array}{r} +25 \\ 36 \\ \hline 61 \\ \hline 1 \end{array}$$

Year 3+

Use of place value counters to add HTO+TO, HTO+HTO etc.
When there are 10 ones in the 1s column - we exchange for 1 ten. Where there are 10 tens in the 10s column - we exchange for 1 hundred.



Children to represent the counters in a place value chart, circling when they need to exchange.



$$\begin{array}{r} 243 \\ +368 \\ \hline 611 \\ \hline 1 \quad 1 \end{array}$$